

THE CAUCASIAN.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 1, 1907.

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SLANDERING MR. SANDERS.

Slander is the weapon of the base and the coward. No self-respecting, no true and honorable man will ever indulge in such disreputable and contemptuous process to discredit another for political or other reasons.

A few days since the New Orleans press contained articles strongly condemning the slander of Mr. Sanders, candidate for Governor. One of these detractors, so-called, as singled out is Rev. J. Holtgreve, a Catholic priest of the town of Plaquemine, in the parish of Iberville. In their comments on this incident the Sanderites have attempted to create or leave the impression that these insinuations and slanders have been suggested by the political opponents of Mr. Sanders. Indeed, some of these organs have been apparently wrought up to an extraordinary display of temper. In the slander in question it has developed that Father Holtgreve had addressed a letter to Lieutenant Governor Sanders, as explained in the apology offered in the letter published in the Times-Democrat, of which the following is a copy:

"Hon. J. Y. Sanders, New Orleans, La.: Dear Sir—The letter which I wrote you some time ago contained a statement of rumors that had reached me about you. I never meant to charge you with these accusations, but since I have learned that the said statements are by you considered as charges or accusations, I sincerely regret having written that letter. If I have wounded your feelings, it happened altogether unintentionally, and I would ask you to accept my sincere regrets. Yours, etc., "J. J. HOLTGREVE."

It is not known if the first letter written to Lieutenant Governor Sanders by Father Holtgreve was personal and intended as private. The assumption is that Father Holtgreve is or was a friend of Mr. Sanders and believed it to be his duty to inform Mr. Sanders of what he had heard. If Father Holtgreve was indiscreet in having advised Mr. Sanders of the statement of rumors that had reached him, he should not have been subjected to the discipline of the highest authority of his church in this jurisdiction of Louisiana. An answer or reply could have been given Father Holtgreve by referring him to the newspapers in which the alleged killing of a man by Mr. Sanders had been given the widest publicity. The explanation of the affair, which, fortunately, was not fatal, between Mr. Sanders and Mr. Pettipain was published in the New Orleans press. It was reproduced in The Caucasian, which is radically opposed to Sanders, for reasons which shall be given in time. The Caucasian has also published the letter of D. Caffery Jr., in which he has given a plain and unvarnished statement of the shooting.

In view of these facts, it may be pertinent to inquire into the purpose of the Sanderites in keeping alive and in public prominent a statement which is not true and which has been and is being aggravated by inference by the Sanders press.

Fortunately neither Mr. Wilkinson nor Jastreski are men who indulge in detraction or insinuation, but each being manly and honorable, can have no respect or sympathy for the slanderer, the base and the coward, the assassin of character, who are limited to no sect, party or condition of men.

It would seem as if this working up of the Sanderites over reports and insinuations which are magnified by implication and to which they refer with unfeeling regularity and unquestionably for political effect, is being overdone, and with the explanations already multiplied and with the apology of Father Holtgreve, the Sanderites should bury every reference and insinuation connected with the shooting affair between Sanders and Pettipain in 1888.

In his published statement Mr. Caffery says: "I am now called upon, and I make the following statement: In that case Mr. Sanders was charged with shooting Frank Pettipain, with intent to commit murder. Pettipain did not die of his wound, but lived to commit suicide some years afterwards by jumping in the river at New Orleans."

"This happened in 1888, when Mr. Sanders was about 18 or 20 years old. He was tried in the district court at Franklin, in September 1889, before Judge A. C. Allen and Jury. He was defended by Senator Foster, Philip H. Meents and the late Senator Caffery. The district attorney was Walter J. Simon."

During the progress of the trial the district attorney directed that make no reference to the shooting, and that the district attorney was Walter J. Simon."

which it did. Pettipain testified against Mr. Sanders and exhibited his wound to the jury, to show that it was in the back, near the spinal column, and claimed that when shot he was in full and peaceful retreat.

"Mr. Sanders showed that he had been struck in the mouth by Pettipain and claimed that Pettipain had used a brick in striking him; that Pettipain's assault, in renewal of a prior difficulty, was sudden and unexpected, and was from the side or rear; that Pettipain, as he delivered the blow, turned and ran, and that Mr. Sanders, as he was falling, drew his pistol and fired. The night of the shooting Mr. Sanders started on horseback for Arkansas and Indian Territory, where he lived under the name of W. S. Perkins for about ten months, after which time he returned voluntarily and surrendered for trial."

Why not stick to issues in which the people are directly concerned?

MYSTERY CLEARED.

Rumbach Left His Home Two Weeks Ago.

Pittsburg, Aug. 1.—The suicide of Amos R. Rumbach at Colorado Springs cleared the mystery of his disappearance from his home at Mount Pleasant, Pa., near here, two weeks ago. Rumbach was married and was one of the most prominent citizens of Mount Pleasant. Two weeks ago last Monday he left home without indicating where he was going to his wife or relatives, and until now all efforts to locate him were fruitless. Tuesday his wife, despairing of his return, had her household effects packed and was preparing to leave for the home of her father, A. C. Ruff, at Loudonville, O. As the result of the information from Colorado Springs, however, she has deferred her departure for the present. Charles Rumbach, a brother, has gone to Colorado Springs.

Amos R. Rumbach was a private in Company E of the Tenth Kansas, a volunteer during the Spanish war. His relatives say they never heard of Laura Matthews or C. E. Coey, mentioned in the Colorado Springs dispatches.

Rumbach Expires.

Colorado Springs, Colo., Aug. 1.—Amos R. Rumbach, who shot himself rather than testify at the inquest over the body of his friend, Miss Laura Matthews, died at St. Francis' hospital.

INDEPENDENCE FACTIONS.

They Appear to Have Been Successful in the Elections.

Manila, Aug. 1.—The independence factions, that united in the campaign under the name of the Nationalists, appear to have won the general election, held throughout the islands. Incomplete returns from fifty out of eighty districts show that thirty-one Nationalists were elected, ten Progressives, eight Independents and one Catholic. In Manila the Nationalists won by a large majority in both districts. Dominador Gomez claims the election in the First district of the city, while Justo Lakan, contests the election of both Independence candidates. It probably will be ten days or two weeks before the complete returns are received.

NO DISCRIMINATION.

Five Japanese Chambers of Commerce Write to Seattle.

Seattle, Aug. 1.—Alleging the legitimate rights of the Japanese people have been trampled upon in certain portions of this country and their property has been attacked and treaty rights disregarded even to the extent of the lives of Japanese subjects, having been in danger, the five Chambers of Commerce in Japan have written letters to the Seattle Chamber of Commerce asking that an effort be made to prevent discrimination against their countrymen in the United States. The protest points out that such treatment will eventually lead to a breach in the commercial relations of the two countries.

BRAVE RICHARD CONLEY.

Boy Eleven Years Old Rescues Baby From Burning Dwelling.

Portland, Ore., Aug. 1.—Eleven-year-old Richard Conley made his way into a burning house and rescued a babe of four months after Mrs. Thomas Ryan, mother of the infant, was fatally burned and her three-year-old boy burned to death. The Ryan home was destroyed. Mrs. Ryan, in lighting a fire in the kitchen stove, caused an explosion, which threw burning oil over the woman and set the house on fire.

FRENZIED FORD.

Throws Little Daughter From Train and Tries to Leap Off.

New York, Aug. 1.—Frederick Ford of Philadelphia became insane in a New York Central express train after leaving Albany and made several efforts to kill his two-year-old daughter by throwing her through the window of the train as it was speeding along, but was prevented by passengers. Ford also tried to make away with himself by leaping from the train, but was restrained.

Sigma Chi Fraternity Meets.

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 1.—The grand chapter of the Sigma Chi fraternity convened in the twenty-eighth annual convention at the Jamestown exposition with several hundred delegates attending from many states, for a session of four days. Tuesday's program included an address by William Allen of Austin, Tex.

MALES IN THE MINORITY

Stern Sex at Evanston Are Decreasing at Evanston.

FORTY-TWO LESS OF MEN.

In the Feminine Population of North Shore Suburb of Chicago in a Year There Has Been an Increase of Four Hundred and Seventy.

Chicago, Aug. 1.—Evanston, North Shore city of wealth, pride and culture, is gaining in feminine population, is losing her masculine inhabitants and is confronted with race suicide. This situation was revealed with the completion of the city's annual school census.

The figures showed an increase of 470 in the feminine population, a decrease of forty-two in the number of masculine inhabitants and an increase of only seven in the number under twenty-one years of age.

In the part of the city given over to luxury, which furnishes a total population of about 12,000 in school district No. 75, there were just about the same number of children that there were in the Fifth and Sixth wards, which furnished only 4,000 people. Victor McCulloch, the census taker, who is a Northwestern university student said that even this showing in the wealthy homes was much better than it would have been had it not been that the maids and other servants under twenty-one years of age were included as among "the children."

The total population is 24,324, and the census shows that there are 1,368 more females than males in the town.

YELLOW FEVER STATUS.

Report Shows There Is but Little Danger From Scourge.

New Orleans, Aug. 1.—An encouraging report about yellow fever infection in Central American countries was made by Dr. John N. Thomas, traveling inspector of the marine hospital service, with headquarters here. He found Spanish and British Honduras in such a state of cleanliness as to minimize the danger of yellow infection from those countries. Guatemala, however, where yellow fever was reported early this year, is not satisfactory. Dr. Thomas found officials of the Guatemalan Northern railway making a determined effort to clean the towns along the line and thereby remove the source of recurring infection, and marine hospital quarantine regulations at port towns are so well observed there is probably no danger of the fever spreading outside Guatemala.

UNION COFFINS.

Woodworkers and Carpenters Differ as to What Constitutes One.

Chicago, Aug. 1.—The fight between the Woodworkers and Carpenters' unions here has reached the grave. The state they are now fighting what constitutes a union coffin. The Union Burial association, not being satisfied with the product turned out by the only union casket builder in Chicago, succeeded in unloading the coffin factory at Lena, Ill., and their products bear the label of a Carpenters' union, while the article turned out at Chicago is stamped with the Woodworkers' mark of approval. "No self-respecting member of the Woodworkers' union will ever consent to be buried in a box built by the carpenters," declared Thomas Conney, secretary of the Woodworkers' union. "We will introduce resolutions at our next regular meeting adopting cremation as a final disposition of our bodies rather than let the carpenters put it over us in the matter of coffin construction."

"OLD HOME WEEK."

Ten Thousand Marchers Inaugurate It at Boston.

Boston, Aug. 1.—Ten thousand men marched through Boston's streets Wednesday in a civic and trades procession, which was part of the "New England Day" celebration of "Old Home Week." The parade of which General Nelson Miles was marshal was an elaborate one.

At night Boston and Cambridge joined in exercises on the occasion of the dedication of \$2,000,000 West Boston bridge, which joins the two cities.

Immense Damage Done.

Chicago, Aug. 1.—The plant of the Chicago, New York and Boston Refrigerator company at Fifty-first street and Central Park avenue was damaged by fire to the extent of \$200,000. The flames, which, for a time, threatened to destroy the entire establishment, originated by the bursting of an oil pipe in the steel shop.

Officials Chosen.

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 1.—The Sigma Chi elected Lieutenant Governor Elliott of Virginia consul; Dr. R. A. Smith of Milwaukee, chairman of the credentials committee; W. N. Batty, anti-slavery; and S. W. Davidson of Austin, Tex., custodian.

Dies of Her Wounds.

Ardmore, Aug. 1.—Mrs. Ollie Ball, who was fatally wounded Sunday afternoon by her husband, Edgar Ball, who later killed himself, died of her wounds.

Electrocuted at Auburn.

Auburn, N. Y., Aug. 1.—Charles Bonier, eighty years old, was electrocuted here for the murders of Franz and Johanna Fehr at Buffalo.

PROHIBITION PREVAILS.

By Overwhelming Vote Adopted by Georgia House.

Atlanta, Aug. 1.—The Hardman-Covington prohibition bill, passed by the Georgia senate some days ago, was adopted by the house by a vote of 129 to 39. Two amendments added to the bill by the house will necessitate the bill going back to the senate for concurrence, of which there is no doubt, and the bill will then go to Governor Hoke Smith for his signature, which has been practically assured, and prohibition will become a law in Georgia.

The amendments permit the sale of pure alcohol by retail druggists on the prescription of a reputable physician and also allow wholesale druggists to carry alcohol in stock for sale to retailers only.

The bill prohibits the manufacture or keeping on hand in any place of business the sale or giving away to induce business within the state of any liquor that may produce intoxication. The new law is to become effective Jan. 1, 1909.

After the first fight on the bill last week, in which the opponents of the measure showed their ability to act from their thick reading, and which culminated in a personal encounter on the floor of the house between two members at the end of a fourteen-hour session, an agreement was reached making the bill a special order for Tuesday, with the provision that a vote should be taken at 4 o'clock. This programme was carried out. Twenty-one amendments were offered, thirteen of them by the prohibitionists. The anti-prohibitionists made their hardest fight to secure the adoption of an amendment to postpone until Jan. 1, 1909, the date when the bill should become effective. This was lost—128 to 49. The bill, as amended, was put on the final vote at 4:45, which was completed forty-five minutes later, a few members taking the opportunity to expiate their votes.

SHOCKING SUICIDE.

Man Enters Shop and Does Deliberately Dreadful Deed.

Knoxville, Aug. 1.—An unknown man, supposed to be S. P. Long of Plaquemine, La., committed suicide in Bohannon & Co's gunsmith shop in this city Tuesday. The man entered the store and asked to see a pistol, stating he wished to make a purchase for a friend. Several weapons were shown him. He selected one, deliberately placed a cartridge in a chamber, walked to the door and fired into the left temple. He died almost instantly. In the pocket was a note, reading: "You will excuse my suicide in your house. Suicide is not murder. Why not execution?" S. P. LONG.

This note is accepted as evidence of deliberately planned self destruction. Examination of effects and papers on the man's person indicated the opinion that he was in financial distress.

KIRKMAN CASE.

Second Rebuff In Effort of Ex-Captain to Secure Release.

Topeka, Aug. 1.—Judge Seth McPherson of the United States court for writ of habeas corpus made by for the Southern district filed an opinion here with the clerk of the Federal court denying the application for writ of habeas corpus made by George K. Kirkman, ex-captain of the United States army, now serving three years in Federal prison at Leavenworth. The decision bears on matter of time off allowed military prisoners for good behavior. This is Kirkman's second rebuff in his effort to secure his release.

Kirkman claimed that considering time off for good behavior his time was up. Warden McClaghry contends that October 5, 1907, will be the time for his release. Judge McPherson, in his opinion discharged Kirkman's writ and remanded the prisoner to the warden.

ANOTHER NAVAL STATION.

Probable It May Be Located on the Pacific Coast.

Washington, Aug. 1.—It is probable that another naval station will be created on the Pacific coast as the result of the forthcoming visit there of Admiral Capps, chief naval contractor, and Admiral Cowles, chief of equipment bureau. The former left Washington for New York, where he will be joined by Admiral Coles, and the two journey together to the Pacific coast under special orders from the navy department and make a thorough inspection of the yards and stations on the coast and report upon the future needs of a navy in that quarter. Indications point to San Diego as most likely to be selected.

DREADFUL DEED.

Drunken Pole Places Baby on a Red-hot Stove.

Oswego, N. Y., Aug. 1.—A drunken Pole, a stranger in this city, entered the home of Charles Leonard, took the seven-month-old baby from the crib where it was sleeping, and placed it on a red-hot kitchen stove. The cries of the child brought the mother, who had left the house for a minute. The man was arrested. The baby was badly burned.

Portion Sold to Morgan.

New York, Aug. 1.—The Atchafalaya and Santa Fe railway sold to J. Pierpont Morgan & Co., a portion of the \$25,000,000 convertible 5 percent bonds recently issued, which were not taken by stockholders. It is estimated the stockholders subscribed at par for slightly more than \$11,000,000 of the issue.

SECRETARY TAFT WINS.

Majority of Republican Central Committee of Ohio

NAME HIM FOR PRESIDENT

Resolution to This Effect Adopted by Vote of Fifteen to Six, and It is Also Declared There Is No Intention to Eliminate Foraker and Dick.

Columbus, O., Aug. 1.—Secretary Taft's friends won handsily at the meeting of the state Republican central committee, a resolution being adopted by the committee endorsing Taft for the presidency by a vote of fifteen to six. An amendment proposed by the friends of Taft, and opposed to the friends of Foraker, was adopted by a vote of eleven to ten, saying, in effect, that there is no intention to eliminate Senators Foraker and Dick from politics in Ohio. The resolution endorsing Taft was as follows:

"We believe that the great majority of people of Ohio are convinced of the high character, great ability and



WILLIAM H. TAFT.

distinguished services of Secretary Taft, endorse his candidacy for the presidency and further:

"We declare that the Republicans of Ohio overwhelmingly desire that the name of Hon. William Howard Taft be presented to the nation as Ohio's candidate for president, and that the Republicans of other states are invited to cooperate with the Republicans of Ohio to secure his nomination in 1908."

An amendment to this resolution was offered by a committee member at once. It is to the effect that it is not the intention to eliminate either Senator Foraker or Senator Dick from politics in Ohio. This was offered by the Taft people, and was bitterly opposed by the Foraker element. The amendment was adopted by a vote of eleven to ten, and the resolution was then adopted with the amendment by a fifteen to six.

A. I. Vorys, who is managing Secretary Taft's campaign, made the following statement relative to the action of the committee:

"The action of the state committee, while not extremely gratifying, is not surprising, for the committee has formally and officially declared what has been so apparent, namely, that the Republicans of Ohio are ever wholesomely for Secretary Taft for President Roosevelt's successor."

"The great importance of the committee's resolution lies in its removing all doubts in the minds of people in other states about Ohio's being for Taft in its demonstration that Taft will have the Ohio delegation in 1908."

FORAKER NOT BOUND.

Says Next State Convention Has Authority to Act.

Cincinnati, Aug. 1.—When United States Senator Foraker learned of the action of the Republican state committee he gave out the following statement Tuesday afternoon:

"I cannot add anything I have said in my open letter published this morning. I wrote the letter foreseeing the result, and feeling that it was my duty not to give notice beforehand that I would not be bound by any such unauthorized action. The committee had no more right to speak on that subject for the Republicans of Ohio than any other twenty-two Republicans of the state might have had, and the action of the committee will not affect my course in any way. The next state convention will have authority to speak, and by the action of that convention it will be the duty of every good Republican to abide. In the meanwhile I shall have our municipal elections and the benefit of our carrying events in the light of all of which we shall no doubt be able to act intelligently and satisfactorily."

Dick Says Nothing.

Akron, O., Aug. 1.—Following the reading of the dispatches from Columbus in which it was stated that Secretary Taft had been endorsed for the presidency as Ohio's candidate by the Republican state central committee, Charles Dick refused to make any comments. Neither would the junior senator discuss the letter of Senator Foraker to the committee in which the senior senator asked that no endorsement be made by the committee upon the ground that it would be premature.

Amendment Offered.

The Hague, Aug. 1.—Great Britain has presented an amendment to the American proposition regarding the establishment of a general court of arbitration under which any contracting power may withdraw from the agreement upon six months' notice.

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Read "The Caucasian"

A JUDGMENT.

No. 11,441.—In First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, Louisiana: Mrs. Rosa A. Currie vs. Frank M. Currie.

In this case a default having been taken and not set aside, the law and the evidence being in favor of the plaintiff, Mrs. Rosa A. Currie, and against the defendant, Frank M. Currie, it is ordered, adjudged and decreed that the said plaintiff do have judgment dissolving the community of acquets and gains heretofore existing between them, and that she be decreed to be separate in property from her said husband.

Thus done, read and signed in open court on this 27th day of July 1907.

T. E. BELL, District Judge.

Endorsed: Filed July 27, 1907.

J. H. LEVY, Deputy Clerk.

A true copy.

A. E. HAYNES, Deputy Clerk.

July 28, 1907.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

No. 850.—In the City Court of Shreveport, La.: F. M. Bates vs. Jesse Richards.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued in the above entitled and numbered suit, by the Honorable R. D. Webb, judge the City Court, Shreveport, La., and to me directed, I have seized and will sell at public auction, at the Texas street front door of the court house of Caddo Parish, between the legal hours for sales, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 10, 1907.

Three pair lace curtains, 1 lot glassware, 8 pictures, 1 common table, 1 folding bed, 1 iron bed, 3 mattresses, 4 pillows, 1 ice box, 1 suit case, 1 sideboard, 1 dresser, 1 kitchen safe, lot dishes, 1 extension table, 1 punch bowl, 1 cook stove, 1 rifle, 1 lot cooking utensils, 1 toilet set, 3 chairs, 2 candel, 7 shades, 1 lot matting.

Terms of sale cash, with benefit of appraisement.

O. P. OGILVIE, City Marshal.

July 30.

TO ADVERTISERS.

The advertiser who would reach the greatest number of people, and secure the best results from his advertisements, will find The Caucasian a most profitable and desirable medium.

BIDS INVITED.

Bids are hereby invited for building a bent bridge about 50 feet on road from Keithville to Keachie on Cypress bayou near Christian turnpike, according to parish specifications. Bids to be opened at next meeting of the Police Jury. Right to reject any and all bids reserved.

R. FURMAN, President.

A. L. DURINGER, Clerk.

BIDS INVITED.

Notice is hereby given that at the next regular meeting of the Police Jury of Caddo Parish, La., to be held August 8, 1907, bids will be received for medicine for prescriptions for jail for next twelve months. Also for paupers' coffins and transportation to cemetery for a period of twelve months. Right to reject any and all bids reserved.

R. FURMAN, President.

A. L. DURINGER, Clerk.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

No. 11,344.—In the First Judicial District Court of the Parish of Caddo, Louisiana: Frank H. Morriac vs. C. E. Broughton.

By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale to me issued in the above numbered and entitled suit, by the Honorable First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, Louisiana, I have seized and will offer for sale, for cash, without the benefit of appraisement, at the principal front door of the court house of Caddo Parish, in the City of Shreveport, La., during the legal hours for sales, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 3, 1907.

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